Jharkhand Tribal Empowerment and Livelihood Project (JTELP),

Block - Amrapara, District - Pakur

Jharkhand Tribal Empowerment and Livelihood Project jointly supported by IFAD and Welfare department of Govt. of Jharkhand. Jharkhand Tribal Development Society is nodal agency for this project in the state level. JTELP project implemented by **Bhartiya Lok Kalyan Santhan**in Amrapara block of Pakur district with effected from 16th March, 2015. The project is implemented in 04 selected Panchayats of Amrapara block namely Jaraki, Dumarchir, Pachuwara and Singarsi. The main objective of this project of Empowerment of Tribal community, Sustainable Livelihood and development of Community Structures.

Details of Project Coverage Area:-

Sl. No.	Name of Panchayats	No. Of Villages
1.	Jaraki	15
2.	Dumarchir	18
3.	Pachuwara	7
4.	Singarsi	23

• Establishment of Block Level Office and Recruitment and placement of Staffs:-

In order to run and manage the project, block level office was setup and furnished with all required logistic necessary to run the office. To operate the project smoothly, 4 personnel recruited according to the guideline. Brief descriptions of the recruited personals are as follows:

S.N	Name	Post	Qualification	Mobile No.	Experiance
		Project	B.SC,PGDRD,		16 years work experience in
1	Mukesh Kr Gupta	Coordinator	MSW	7004583955	various projects in different NGOs.
					11 years work experience in
2	Awadhesh Kr Kapri	CI & GO	BA, PGDRD	7050378637	various projects in different NGOs.
		Junior			10 years work experience in
3	Ajit Kr Yadav	Engineer	Diploma	8789479017	various projects in different NGOs.
		Agriculturist	MBA-		4 years work experience in various
4	Shivendra Kr singh	specialist	Agribusiness	8542086490	projects in different NGOs.
		Community			10 years work experience in
5	Lukhiram Soren	Facilitator	IA	8292830841	various projects in different NGOs.
		Community			9 years work experience in various
6	Marshal Tudu	Facilitator	IA		projects in different NGOs.
		Community			
7	Philip Tudu	Facilitator	M.A	8757153785	2 years work experience
	-	Community	M.A,B.ed,		_
8	Bibhash Kumar	Facilitator	PGDRD	9430316767	2 years work experience
		Community	IA		
9	BinusTudu	Facilitator		7061296317	2 years work experience

		Community	IA		
10	Manoj Kisku	Facilitator		8809561064	3 years work experience
	Himanshu	Community	IA		
11	Hembrom	Facilitator		9199884690	2 years work experience
		Community	IA		
12	Raymon Soren	Facilitator		6206525865	4 years work experience

• Selection of Panchayat level Community Facilitator

JTELP programme ensures full participation of communities targeted. It strive for community engagement and as first step, it enables community youth to join as Community Facilitator under the programme honorary staff. To select and recruit Community Facilitator, stakeholders were informed and after discussion with them interview conducted for the applicants. Based on the academic qualification and work experience combined by interview, the selected & recruited Facilitators are as follows:

S.	Name	Designation	Academic	Name of Gram	
No			Qualification	Panchayat	
•					
1.	Lukhiram Soren	Community Facilitator	IA	Dumarchir	
2.	Marshal Tudu	Community Facilitator	IA	Jaraki	
3.	Philip Tudu	Community Facilitator	M.A	Pachuwara	
4.	Bibhash Kumar	Community Facilitator	M.A,B.ed, PGDRD	Singarsi	
5.	BinusTudu	Community Facilitator	IA	Jaraki	
6.	Manoj Kisku	Community Facilitator	IA	Dumarchir	
7.	Himanshu Hembrom	Community Facilitator	IA	Pachuwara&Singarsi	
8.	Raymon Soren	Community Facilitator	IA	Singarsi	

Field level Cadres:-

S. No.	Designation	No. of Caders	Name of Gram Panchayat
1.	Community Resource Person	72	4
2.	Krishi Mitra	12	4
3.	Pashu Mitra	11	4

• Meeting with Panchayati Raj Functionaries for Supportive Engagement:

After that communication about the JTELP project (objectives and implementation strategy through maximum community engagement for their development and livelihood sustenance) with Panchayat Functionaries (Mukhiyaji, Ward Members, Gram Pardhan and PRIs along with other stakeholders) of all the 63 selected villages they were asked to hold Gram Sabha facilitating maximum community engagement, women in particular. They were briefed about validated data related to household, population, Tribal & PVTG household and population, their occupational engagement, problems, status of SHGs and Yuva Groups.

Conducted Tola Sabha: In all 63 villages firstly conducted tola sabha for informing the villagers about the project and formation of Gram Sabha Project Execution Committee (GSPEC) so that can be maximum attendance in Gram Sabha.

Facilitation in holding Gram Sabha: After tola sabha in all 63villages, Gram Sabha has been organized in the chairmanship of Gram Pradhanwith the agenda of JTELP programme. Participants carried out healthy discussion over issues before deriving to cumulative proposals. In Gram Sabha CF are motivating communities and stakeholders for developing positive thinking onformation of SHGs, digging ponds for water conservation, maximum utilization of land through advanced agriculture technique and production and proposal thereof were discussed. Constitution of GSPEC, Village Development Fund(VDF) Committee and opening of Bank Accounts were also discussed in various GSPEC.



Formation of GSPEC & VDF Sub-Committee:

For the implementation of activities undertaken by the Gram Sabha a Project Executing Committee has been constituted in each village. It will be supervised and monitored by the Gram Sabha. In GSPEC there are 11 selected members from all around of village. In this also constituted VDF Sub –Committee. In GSPEC 50% of female members. There is at least one female out of 3 Office bearers in each committee. They conduct weekly meeting.

Self Help Groups:Discussing on the project key indicators of JTELP and need of self help group in the women community. Gradually, women willingly came out in groups conducted meetings and formed their SHGs selecting team leaders or office bearers. During theperiod we have formed 194 SHGs with an average of 12-15 members. ST SHGs 113 and PVTG SHGs 81, we are successfully 194 SHGs to Handover to JSLPS. We already done have 54 SHG who has already work in business and they are involve type of business like Goat farming, Poultry farming, Pig farming, Leaf plate making, General Store shop and duck farming etc. and earning day by day. This business possible with the help of JTDS DPMU who had provides seed capital 20000 Rs. for PVTG Groups and 10000 Rs. in ST group SHGs bank accounts. This group collect 10 Rs. per week in their weekly meeting and they

also book keeping on the basis of weekly. If need to any member need to money so they take money and collect amount from SHG on few interest and return the amount in instalment with monthly interest.



Youth Groups:-



In the villages, such youths who work only during farming, do not do any work after that, such youth are doing a lot of work in the development of the village, 23 youth groups have been formed in 4 panchayats. Bank account has been opened for 23 youth groups, as well as 8 youth groups have been linked with NYK, 23 youth group has 16 male group and 7 female teenager group, 23 youth group has 6 PVTG group and 17 ST group is of these groups. The main task is to work for the preservation and upliftment of social, economic and cultural values by working out different action plans, these groups are doing very commendable work in the development of their villages, such as protection from middlemen to produce the village in the market. The task of buying **Cowpea** crop from rural and selling it in a big market together.

Conoweeder:-CONO WEEDER FOR PADDY FIELDWeeding is the process of eliminating competition of



wanted plants with the regular crop so that the crop can be grown profitability. Management of weeds is an important component of crop productiontechnique as removal of weeds is expensive and hard to achieve at later stages. In which, in 10villages in Kharif season, their where total 1521beneficiaries were distributed & used conoveederin every 10farmers incollaboration with JTDS.

Kharif Crop:

Paddy is the main crop in 4 Panchayats in our project area, but our beneficiaries don 1 land, I used to

cultivate paddy and bari in Maize Crop, the beneficiaries used to cultivate only 40% of their land, the rest of the land remained empty, and old He used to cultivate the method, so that he had 2 months of food grains available, with the efforts of our people and with the cooperation of JTDS, in 27 villages, with 3505 beneficiaries, maize in 280 acres in Bari land, 421 acres in palm land and Til and Cultivation of pigeonpea in Tad 2, 350 acres, Don 3 land in 840 acres, Paddy in 630 acres, Don 2 land in 1015 acres, and Golden Gold cultivation done in Don 1 land with improved technology, in which new types of seeds are available to them. Getting fertilizers, chemical fertilizers, organic fertilizers made available on time, the yield of the beneficiary was doubled with new technology and new seeds, the farmers got higher yields at lower cost and less labor due to improved technology. Farmers decided to cultivate the land of all kinds of advanced method is happy, and in the future.

Type of Land	Crop	Acre	No.of Benificiaries
BARI	MAIZE	280	3505
TANR 1	Til	421	3505
TANR 2	PIGON PEA	350	3505
TANR 1	BLACK GRAM	350	3505
DON 3	PADDY	840	3505
DON 2	PADDY	630	3505
DON 1	PADDY	1015	3505
	Total	3886	3505









Rabi Crop: Due to our project area being primitive and primitive tribal, there was almost no cultivation



of Ravi crop here. With the efforts of the BLKS in this area and the cooperation of JTDS, it has cultivated 3810 acres of land with 3268 beneficiaries in 26 villages, in which mustard in 583 acres in Bari land, Gram in 653 acres in Don 3 lands, lentils in 950 acres in Don 2 land, TC in 126 acres in Don 2 land, Khesari in 978 acres in Don 1, wheat in 194 acres in Don 1 land, Vegetable in 326 acres in Bari land, 317 acres in Don 1 land Peas were cultivated. Which led to very good yields. Due to which the farmers here are quite happy.

Name of Crop	Variety	Type of Land*	Targeted Land Area (In Acre)	Sowing/Plantation Done (In Acre)	No. of Farmers Involved
Mustard		Bari	580	583	3268
Gram	Jaki-9218	Don 3	650	653	3268
Lentil	PL-8	Don 2	950	950	3268
Tisi		Don 2	125	126	3268
Khaisari		Don 1	970	978	3268
Wheat		Don 1	190	194	3268
Vegetables		Bari	325	326	3268



Pump set:-Farming is dependent on rain, we do not want to cultivate the crop if there is no rain on time, the



farmer is afraid of crop failure, because of this, farmers do not want to do farming, money is available to the beneficiary on the block area of amrapara Not being able to buy pump sets, pump sets were distributed to 75 farmers of 21 villages in collaboration with jtds and ATMA, in which the beneficiary deposited 10% contribution.

ZAIDCROP: In pakur district; amrapara block before they are not cultivating zaid crop cause of scarcity of water and they left animals

in the field for grazing and the farmers were thinking that in zaid season thier are impossible for farming and for 4 month the field are vacat, the farmers has to struggle for thier economic needs and then we moltivate then and trend them for cultivating zaid crops. we also found the water level of the land by which they can get enough water from land for cultivating, then in 21 village with 2757 farmers in 143 acre in which we grew cucumber in 10 acre with 142 farmers, ridge gourd in 44 acre with 628 farmers, bottle gourd in 72 acre with 1028 farmers, sponge gourd in 28.5 acre with 407 faemers, bitter gourd in 26 acre with 371 farmers and watermelon in 18 acre with 181 farmers. by this the farmers are trading with local markets and then the ratio for migration for farmers + is less

Name of Vegetable	Variety	Targeted Area (In Acre)	Sowing/ Plantation Done (In Acre)	No. of Farmers Involved
			, ,	
Cucumber	Hy-Light	10	10	142
Ridge Gourd	Ridge-101	44	44	628
Bottle Gourd	HY-Srilong	72	72	1028
Sponge Gourd	MAYA	28.5	28.5	407
Bitter Gourd	Birju	26	26	371
Watermelon	Rashila	18	18	181
Total			198.5	2757







Elephant Foot Yam:-2500family has been given the task of planting 10-10 Tuber, in this 2500family has been given 2.5Kg of Elephant foot Yam, as well as training.



Dishom Guru poshan Vatika:-Cultivation of these cops by gardening in a systematic manner in small pieces of land available in house hold. The dishom Guru Poshan Vatika ensure access to heathy diet with adequate macro and micronutrients at doorstep. They can provide fruit and vegetables, rich in vitamins, there is an urgent need to and minerls, add nutritional value to our meals, visibly link nutrition increase the variety that is so important for health and help children to appeciate and enjoy this achievement. We have achieved successfully 50 family who has target given us.







Barbatti:- Barbatti is the main crop of PVTG communities, Barbatti is the life line of PVTG communities. They are cultivate the barbartti crop with the help of Mahajan and mahajan people take the capital with heavy interest. When barbatti crop were complete then farmer return their amount to mahajan at a very high intrest. So beneficiaries have no money left from barbatti cultivition. So they were not free for mahajan's trap. When JTDS are involve their villages then direct benefits 1450 beneficiaries from JTDS and JTDS gives him help amount 9000 Rs. for barbatti cultivition and now they are free from mahajans trap and now they are happy. Beneficiries are direct there barbatti sale in market rate and purchage needfull things for own family. In last two year, we have given ist year by Rs. 9000 and 2nd year we gave them 6000. BY this help they got benefit that they did not take money this year from mahajans. before they used to give Rs.30/kg to the mahajan but this year they directly trade independently with traders and sold it by 55/kg and cause of this the farmers become very happy.



Poultery Chicks and Goat Distribution:- In piparjoriya village, 50-50 poultery chicks distribute each and every beneficeries. There are total 100 beneficiaries in this village. There are 100 poutery Shed.

S.N.	Name of Village	No. of shed	Populate Target	Achieved
1.	Piparjoriya	100	10000	5000





Goat distribution in 3 PVTG villages, In Noonpara 100 unit, Margama 38 unit and Chhota Kaskutta. 26 unit

S.N.	Name of village	No. of Shed (Target)	Shed completed	Shed Populate
1.	Noonpara	100	92	100
2.	Margama	38	38	38
3.	Chhota Kaskutta	26	20	24



SHG Training:

During the period of 2020-2021 we have conducted SHGs Training at diffirent villages. In this training SHGs have tought to maintain their books of records and the role& responcibilities of leaders. Total 50 units of training conducted in our projected area in each units have 30 participants. As trainer of these trainings are community



Youth Group :-During the 2020-21 there are formed 23 Youth Group which is 7 Kishori group and 16 Kishore Group. Main Purpose of this groups provided to vollage Cultural, Sports and social activity are conducted and any type of new awerness are conducted throuth of this group. This group are collect every member 10 Rs. in 2 time of the month and this group members are coducted a meeting on the basis of month for solve the problem of village people. Through JTDS DPMU provide seed capital 40000/-(Fourty Thousands Rupees.) which is member of this group plan the any type of business are doing.



Farmer Service Centre: -

There are 5 **Farmer Service Centre**Fatehpur, Kundamatiya, Sajnipara,Margama, TutrapaharIn this FSC available is equipment like Conoweedwer, Irrigation Pumpset, Handweeder, Paddyweeder,Dry land weeder, Line Marker, Maize Sheller, Kitchen Garden Tool set, Paddy thresher etc.

This FSC are handover the one management committee and this committee are handling it. Under this FSC available for 8 village beneficiaries which FSC are provided to equipment for agriculture with few cost. With the help of this FSC equipment beneficiaries are very happy.



Shallow well: In 2020-21 Amrapara block are constructed 18 shallow well which dimension Diameter 8 feet and depth 15 feet. Shallow well excessive rain water during the rainy season and lack of water in the dry season has been challenging the agricultural productivity and food security for rural communities. In rainy season irrigated a shallow well are coward one acrearea and coward the summer season half acre and winter season approx above half acre area.





Weekly Staff Meeting:-

- Submission of progress report.
- Submission of prepared action plans, tour plans of the following month
- Discussion on various documents preparation and keeping, validation
- Identification of difficulties and remedial actions
- Reports on SHGs, Gram Sabhas, VDF, GSPEC, GSRMLP, YG with detail information
- Case studies etc.



